



ALEXANDRIA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 15.

PROHIBITION is now the absorbing public question in Pennsylvania. Archibishop Ryan of Philadelphia, like most, if not all, other wise men, while opposed to the use of liquor, knows that mortal man cannot stop that use as long as human nature shall remain as it is. As the best means of restricting and controlling its use, he advises the adoption of the system of high license. Experience, the best of all teachers, has demonstrated that in the cities and States in which that system has been adopted, its beneficial effects have been strikingly apparent, the quantity of liquor consumed having greatly decreased, and poverty, vice and crime greatly diminished, and revenue for necessary purposes greatly increased. If the Virginia legislature would repeal local option, which does not stop the use of liquor, and raise the liquor license, it would not only diminish the consumption of liquor in the State, but raise revenue enough to pay the interest on the State debt without any trouble. People who can afford to drink liquor, can well afford to pay for it, no matter what it may cost.

ALL NORTHERN republicans are neither demagogues nor fools. There are many true and wise men among them, General Cox, of Ohio, for instance. The General is an out-and-out opponent of the republican scheme of reducing the surplus revenue of the country by increasing the pension list as to include in it every body whose name was ever on the rolls of the federal army during the war between the States. He takes the ground that all men whose inability to earn a living is justly attributed to the result of injuries inflicted by the war, should be amply provided for, but that the country is in no way bound to take care of those who were unharmed in the war. That his view of the case is the proper one is not doubted by any other right-thinking man.

PRESIDENT HARRISON, in respect of one thing at least, is a wiser man than his immediate predecessor. He puts a large part of the work of appointing office holders on the members of his Cabinet and on the Senators and Representatives of his party, and holds them responsible therefor. Mr. Cleveland pursued the directly opposite course. He tried to make a personal investigation of the character of every man who applied to him for office. That was a work which a hundred men could not have properly executed, and in attempting it he not only deprived himself of the time requisite for more important business, but actually for necessary physical exercise, for the observance of social customs, and even for sleep.

SUMMER trips of U. S. Senators at the expense of the government, that is of the people, have become so much the custom now days that a large number of the members of the Senate have already secured for themselves such trips for the coming summer. On these trips they live in the most luxurious and expensive style, being supplied even with newspapers and novels out of the public money by the Senate's attendants who accompany them. In this way they will visit Canada and most all the northern and northwestern portions of the country during the warm weather that will prevail at Washington next July and August. Lucky men. No wonder Senatorial seats are in demand.

MR. FLOURNOY, Secretary of the Commonwealth, declares publicly that "if he were chairman of the State democratic committee he would kick any man out of the party who mentions the State debt or the tariff." And he says this though a change of eight hundred votes would make the State republican, and though the republicans are talking now of nothing else except the State debt and the tariff. Why, as well say a man shall not mention fire when he sees flames kindling under his house. The democrats of Virginia are not fools, if some of the people whom they have preferred to office have lost their senses.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]  
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 15, 1889.  
John S. Wise called at the White House to-day accompanied by forty or fifty people from Virginia with umbrellas and grip sacks. He secured the introduction to the President and also permission to walk through the lower rooms of the house. It is understood that not a word was exchanged by the President with Mr. Wise nor any of his party on the subjects of politics or offices. When Mr. Wise appeared it was rumored that having seen the newspaper account of General Mahone's recent visit to Mr. Harrison, he had come with a bigger delegation to offset any favorable effect that visit might have produced. If Mr. Wise had any such intention, he must have made the most of his time, for short as was General Mahone's visit, his own was even shorter. Respecting General Mahone's visit, Representative Bowden of Virginia, who, with Mr. Hatton, accompanied the General when it was made, says Mr. Harrison gave him a cordial reception and appointed a day when they could have a longer talk.

Familiar as the White House says that Col. Fred. Grant will not be appointed Minister to China, as the qualifications of that place require more experience and a better reputation than are possessed by the Colonel. They also say that the difference between the President and Secretary Baine on the question of the British mission will probably be settled by the nomination of Mr. Dewey.

Mr. Giff of West Virginia called at the White House this morning and informed

the President that the game was practically up with him at home. His friends say he will be appointed Solicitor General when Mr. Jenks shall be removed.

There is a rumor afloat here to the effect that the President's failure to put a Southern republican in his Cabinet was not without a reason, and that that reason was that with no such man in the Cabinet there would be less pressure for negro appointments, to which, it seems, the administration is wisely more opposed than was its democratic predecessor.

Some ill-advised newspapers having stated that the recent selection by the democratic members of the Senate of Mr. Gorman for temporary chairman of their caucus, in place of Mr. Harris, during the absence of the permanent chairman, Mr. Beck, indicated a change in the tariff policy of those Senators, it may as well to give the true story of the change referred to. Mr. Harris is the change domineering, and, shortly before the change was made, demanded an aye and no vote in the Senate, which was not sustained by his democratic colleagues. This so provoked him that he informed them he would not act as the temporary chairman of their caucus any longer. At the next meeting of the caucus they took him at his word, and elected Mr. Gorman unanimously, and without a thought of his ideas on the tariff question. People should always know about what they talk.

President Harrison yesterday evening, accompanied by a friend, walked down Pennsylvania Avenue. He removed his hat to the people who saluted him, but attracted no more attention than any other distinguished man whose appearance is not familiar on that thoroughfare.

Senator Riddleberger is still here, confined by indisposition to his room at the Metropolitan Hotel. He has made arrangements for starting home to night, however, but will return when sufficiently recovered, and see what is to be seen about the disposition of the federal patronage in Virginia.

Mr. Roder of Rockingham county, Va., is not an applicant for the place of Solicitor General, as heretofore reported, but for the place of one of the Attorney General's several assistants.

Close personal friends of Senator Beck say they have too good ground to fear that he will never be a well man again, and that though he may look well from a distance, a close observation will show that he is all broken up.

It is said that some of the democratic members of the Senate tried to effect a change in the composition of the Senate District of Columbia Committee, by which Mr. Barbour, who is so close to the District, could take Mr. Daniel's place on that committee, but that they have so far been unsuccessful.

It is rumored here that one of Colonel Mosby's republican enemies in Alexandria, recently called upon Capt. Odell, the G. A. R. commander in this city, and asked him to get his post here to pass a resolution requesting the President not to recognize the Colonel politically, nor to allow him to have any influence whatever in his administration, but that he met with a flat refusal, and was informed that a man who was a friend of General Grant was the friend of the post.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

A cyclone is reported as coming up the coast.

Tamberlik, the celebrated Italian tenor, is dead.

A Japanese lady has received the degree of doctor of medicine at a Philadelphia college.

John A. Kasson, Wm. Walter Phelps and George H. Bates have been selected as delegates to the Samoan conference.

The plow factory and machine shops of John C. Weller, in Charlestown, W. Va., were destroyed by fire yesterday.

The Senate republican caucus yesterday decided that Mr. Ingalls retains his position as president pro tem throughout the session.

Water has been let into the Cumberland division of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal. The canal will be open next week and the tolls will be the same as last year.

Chloe Poland, aged thirteen, and Joe Snow, aged fourteen, were married at Keyser, W. Va., Thursday. The bride was attended in a short dress.

In the United States Circuit Court in San Francisco yesterday Judge Sawyer rendered an important decision. By it the proposition is laid down that the United States can be sued by a subject.

G. C. Hayden, aged 75, and supposed to be very poor, died recently in a cheap boarding-house in St. Louis, but among his effects was found the key of a safe deposit box which contained over \$60,000 in securities.

French provincial magistrates have been instructed to search the houses of the leaders of the Patriotic League in their respective jurisdictions, and to take possession of any documents they may find of an incriminating character.

Benjamin Hawkins, a South Washington negro, last night stabbed with a knife and killed his wife, Cora, in front of a building where the two had been spending the evening at a social given by a mutual friend. Whisky and jealousy prompted the crime.

The Connecticut legislature has passed a law that no person shall sell, give or deliver to any minor under sixteen tobacco in any form under penalty of a fine of \$50. The next session imposes a fine of \$75 on any minor under sixteen who shall use tobacco in any form whatever.

The rate at which nominations are being sent in by the President lends to the belief that the present session of the Senate will be longer than anticipated. Such being the case, a disposition was manifested in the republican caucus yesterday to consider the Southern election matters under the Hoar and Chandler resolutions. Some of the Senators think Mr. Coke's speech should be answered, and it is stated that the indications now are that this will be done.

The Supreme Court of West Virginia yesterday evening disposed of the gubernatorial matter by deciding to R. S. Carr, President of the Senate, is not entitled to act as Governor, and that the provision of the Constitution limiting the term of the Governor's office to four years does not prevent him from continuing to discharge the duties of his office after his term expires, when no successor has been duly elected and qualified. This leaves Wilson in possession of the office until the contest before the Legislature is settled, and he may not see fit to call an extra session until the next regular session two years from now.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Monday last Mr. John H. Davis, who lived about three miles from this place, near the Centerville pike, went into his woods to select timber for railroad ties. His prolonged absence excited the apprehensions of his family, and Mr. G. W. Gooding and Mr. Thomas Harrison went to look for him. They found him about sundown, near a fence, where he had fallen and died as he was returning home. Mr. Davis had been subject to epileptic fits, and it is supposed he died during an attack. He was about 65 years old. —Fairfax Herald.

One hundred and fifty three motions were docketed yesterday in coupon cases in the Richmond Circuit Court. The effect of these proceedings is to subject the tender of these coupons to double costs and discourage the use of them.

## BALTIMORE CONFERENCE.

The conference met promptly, the bi-shop in the chair. The religious exercises were conducted by the Rev. J. Watts Shoeffel.

The hymn,  
"O for a thousand tongues to sing  
My great Redeemer's praise."

was sung.  
On motion the calling of the roll was dispensed with.

It was resolved hereafter to make a note by mark of any members who are present at the calling of the roll.

The minutes were read, amended and approved.

The report of committee of examination of deacons of one year was called for, and a favorable report made of the following: Charles M. Wood, Thomas J. Lambert, Christopher Sydenstricker, Samuel A. Parker, James M. Rollins, William H. Ballenger. They were advanced to the class of fourth year.

The committee of examination of first-year class reported favorably of the following: William M. Waters, Charles K. Miliken, Wm. F. Locke, John K. White, Charles D. Harris, Charles S. Stant, Charles M. Bangs, Mr. Maurice C. Merling having failed to pass his examination was continued in class of first year; also Leroy F. Snapp and James P. Evans were continued in first year class, for same reason.

The ministers of the Winchester District were called under the twentieth question, beginning with the Rev. W. H. Kennedy, of Martinsburg. Following came S. R. Snapp, of Berkeley; W. D. Eggleston, of Charles-town; J. H. Wood, of Frederick mission; C. H. Wood, of Jefferson; A. A. P. Neel, of Shepherdsburg; D. L. Reed, of Gainesboro mission; M. M. Long, of Page mission; J. S. Hopkins, of Strasburg; L. Fox, of Saen and a mission; L. C. Miller, of Woodstock and Edinburg, who made reports.

Rev. Lewis C. Miller, owing to ill health, asked for a superannuated relation. His case was referred to the committee on conference relations.

The Rockingham District.—The Rev. J. H. Waugh, D. D., presiding elder, was called, and the following ministers reported as to their charges: The Revs. J. S. Gardner, D. D., of Staunton; S. K. Cox, D. D., of Harrisonburg; J. L. Kibler, of Bridgewater; R. M. Wheeler, of Parnassus and Mt. Sidney; G. T. D. Collins, of Monterey; H. A. Brown, of Crab Bottom; J. W. Wolf, of Augusta; H. M. Kane, of Staunton, circuit mission; C. G. Luthcum, of Bell's Valley mission; J. F. Baggis, of Waynesboro; T. Bailey, of Port Republic; W. W. Watts, of New Hope; W. L. Dally, of Rockingham; L. L. Lloyd, of East Rockingham; W. O. Ross, of Milnes; A. C. McNeer, of Furnace mission; J. H. Davidson, of Luray; R. S. Cunningham, of Mt. Jackson mission; H. D. Bishop, of New Market mission.

The Roanoke District.—The Rev. J. S. Hatcher, P. E., was called. The following preachers in charge reported: The Revs. Collins Dauncey, of Salem; J. H. Boyd, of Roanoke; W. W. Hedrick, of Cave Spring mission; V. W. Wheeler, of Roanoke circuit; A. Q. Flaherty, of Lafayette mission; W. K. Marshall, of Christiansburg; H. S. Coe, of Blacksburg; John Miller, of Newport; J. H. Kuhlman, of Catawba; J. W. Brown, of Fincastle; L. H. Graybill, of Amsterdam mission; R. Ross, of Botetourt; J. M. Hawley, of Clifton Forge; C. W. Mark, of James River mission; A. M. Cackley, of Lexington; R. H. Wilson, of Lexington circuit; O. F. Burgess, of Fairfield; I. W. Canter, of Collierville.

Mr. Hatcher, presiding elder, gave a statement concerning the Rev. J. H. Kuhlman's charge, after which his character was passed.

Rev. L. H. Graybill asked for a superannuated relation, and his case was referred to the committee on conference relations.

Rev. A. M. Cackley, pastor of Lexington station, spoke in behalf of the new church at that place, asking for contributions toward its completion.

Leave of absence was granted Rev. O. F. Burgess.

The class of those remaining on trial was called and the following were recommended for admission into full connection: David L. Bickmore, Norman N. Hall, Milton M. Long and Thomas J. Miller.

The Lewisburg District.—The Rev. H. W. Kizer, P. E., was called and the following charges represented: W. H. Wolf, of Lewisburg; L. Butt, of Frankfort; C. Sydenstricker, of Blue Sulphur; H. A. Gayer, of Centerville; J. L. Suplee, of Hinton; T. J. Miller, of Talbot; J. Elgar Wilson, of Union; J. H. Light, of Alderson; C. M. Gregg, of Roncoveite; W. T. Quinn, of Alton mission; E. H. Henry, of Covington; W. E. Miller, of Leavertown; J. L. Henderson, of Hunterville; J. J. Crieckenberger, of Highland; W. H. Ballenger, of Greenbank; and J. T. Maxwell, of Bath mission.

The Moorefield district.—Rev. S. G. Ferguson, P. E., being called the following reported their charges: J. P. Stump, of Moorefield; T. Cooper, of Peterburg mission; H. P. Hamill, of Keyser; S. A. Parker, of North Branch mission; W. B. Dray, of Piedmont; L. R. Markwood, of Forestburg; T. G. Nevitt, of South Branch; E. T. Griffith, of Springfield; T. J. Lambert, of Hardy; S. S. Troy, of Morgan mission; J. H. Temple, of Wardenville mission; G. O. Homan, of Capon Bridge; L. W. Haslip, of Lintonsburg.

The report of the committee on temperance was read and adopted.

Report No. 1 of joint board of finance was read and approved. It referred to the following superannuates and superannuates:

The following were continued as superannuates:

A. A. Eskridge, F. M. Mills, Geo. Stevenson, Henry Hoffman, Francis H. Richey, Jas. W. Tongue, J. M. Grandin, John Landreth, David Thomas, M. G. Balthie, Nelson Head, Wesley Hammond, Aaron Boone, Jas. W. Evans, Robt. Smith, Andrew Roby, George Maury, Superannuates: E. L. Kralow, E. P. Harkitt, Larkin H. Crenshaw, John W. Butler, J. J. Eble, P. S. E. Stires, A. R. Martin, Geo. R. Jefferson, J. Newman Frank, Presley P. Smith.

On motion of the Rev. G. H. Zimmerman, the members of the class of first year who failed to pass their examination were granted another trial, the committee of examination being willing to do so another year.

Upon vote of the conference, Baltimore was chosen as the next place of meeting.

The Rev. Dia. Price, pastor of Wm. M. E. Church, Washington, and L. P. Dyott, pastor of M. P. Church of this city, were introduced to the conference.

A communion table, consisting of one minister and one layman from each district, was appointed to consider a plan of insuring churches. It was submitted by the Rev. Geo. H. Zimmerman.

The Rev. Jas. A. Kern announced that this evening a banquet would be given at the Bradshaw House, to the old students and trustees of the Washington College, and that the bishop and his council, and the lay delegates of the conference would be among the invited guests.

This evening, in the Southern M. E. Church, a meeting to consider education interests will be held. Prof. W. W. Smith, president of E. M. College, will preside and address the conference. The announcements for Sunday will appear tomorrow.

The conference adjourned with benediction by Dr. S. K. Cox.

It is said that Senator Jonathan Chase, of Rhode Island, will soon resign. The reason assigned for his action is that the climate of Washington is not suitable for him.

"Alas! alas! I've lost a day," he said so despondently, that I naturally inquired how it happened. "Well, you see he said I've been half-dead with a cold, and didn't know until to-day that I could cure it with one bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup."

## Lynch Law in Accomack.

A lynching band of masked men late Wednesday night barged Magruder Fletcher, the negro who on last Saturday night outraged Mrs. Mary McCready, a highly respected lady in northern Accomack. Shortly after one o'clock Wednesday night a long line of masked men, numbering about one hundred, entered the village of Drummondtown, which is the county seat of Accomack, and went straight to the house of Jailer Samuel Melson, from whom they demanded the keys of the jail. Upon his refusal to give up the keys, the men threatened to burn his house and burst open the gates and the doors of the jail. The deputy sheriff hearing the uproar, went to the jailer's house, which he found surrounded by a crowd of infuriated men bent on lynching the negro. Some of the men seized the deputy sheriff, while others, rushing into the house, overpowered the jailer and forced him to surrender the keys. They then went to the jail, took the negro out of his cell with all his irons on him and placing him in a cart moved rapidly out of the village in a northerly direction. When they reached Taylor's Branch, about one mile from the courthouse, they halted, took the negro out, mutilated his person and then suspended him from the limb of a pine tree on the roadside, where they let him hang till dead. They then riddled his body with bullets and "role away." All the men were thoroughly disguised, and none of their names are known to the officials. The body was found early yesterday morning hanging on the tree, and on it was pinned a card bearing these words:

"We will protect our wives, our mothers, our sisters and our daughters."

"COMMITTEE."

The news of the lynching spread rapidly, and hundreds of people visited the scene of the hanging during the day, some of them carrying away branches of the tree on which the negro paid the penalty of his heinous crime. There was not a shadow of doubt as to his guilt, and his own contradictory statements about the crime would have convicted him. Captain McCready, who was ostracized across the bay when his wife was outraged, returned home Wednesday to find her completely prostrated and almost crazy with grief and humiliation. Public sentiment strongly sustains the lynchers, the only regret being that the brute was not hung before he got into the hands of the officers of the law. No attempt will be made to investigate the lynching. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the negro came to his death by hanging, at the hands of persons unknown to the jury, and here the matter will end. The body was buried by the authorities in the pauper's graveyard.

The residents of Eastville and vicinity are much excited over the shooting of P. B. Smith by G. Jeff Adair, and some rash persons go so far as to indulge in threats of lynching, but the prisoner is carefully guarded. A son of Peter Smith is reported to have attempted to kill Adair while the latter was being taken to jail.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance company against Cottrell. From the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico. Affirmed, Judge Lewis delivering opinion.

Lawson's administrator against Moorman. From the Corporation Court of Danville. Reversed, Judge Lacy delivering opinion.

Grayson against George. From the Circuit Court of the county of Culpeper. Reversed, Judge Fauntleroy delivering opinion.

Cuthbert against Commonwealth. From the Hastings Court of the city of Petersburg. Affirmed, Judge Hinton delivering the opinion; Judge Lewis dissenting.

Hamilton & Co., and sals. against Glenn's administrator. From the Circuit Court of Henrico county. Affirmed, Judge Lacy delivering opinion.

Bibb's administrator against Norfolk and Western Railroad Company. From the Hastings Court of Roanoke city. Affirmed by evenly divided court.

New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad Company against Cooper's administrator, &c. Argued by Robert M. Hughes, esq., for plaintiff in error.

COL DUDLEY AND THE PRESIDENT.—It is said that a day or two after the arrival of the Harrison party in Washington Private Secretary Halford wrote Col. W. W. Dudley that the President sympathized deeply with him on account of the obliquely cast upon him by reason of his "blocks of fire" letter, but requested him not to call or attempt any personal communication, as it might embarrass the incoming administration. Colonel Dudley replied that he was not in need of sympathy from any one and that he had no favors to ask. At the inauguration ball the President greeted Col. Dudley as if he were a perfect stranger, but after hesitating a moment presented Mrs. Dudley to Mrs. Harrison.

THE WHITE HOUSE PROGRAMME.—The President has issued a new set of rules for the routine of executive business. The cabinet will meet on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 12:30 p. m. Senators and representatives will be received every day, except Mondays, from ten until twelve. Persons not members of Congress, having business with the President, will be received from twelve to one every day except Mondays and cabinet days. There is half an hour shorter limit than heretofore. Those who have no business to call merely to pay their respects, will be received by the President in the East Room at 1 p. m., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

FOR THE CONFEDERATE HOME.—Secretary Oliver Downing, of the New York citizens' committee to aid the National Confederate Soldiers' Home at Austin, Texas, has received a letter from General Alfred Pleasance inclosing money. Another letter from Mrs. General Grant incloses a check for \$25. The letter is as follows: "Oliver Downing, secretary, &c.—Dear Sir: General Grant's kindly feeling toward the Southern people, though they were once his enemies, is Mrs. Grant's reason for sending the enclosed check. She wishes you success in your efforts. FRED. D. GRANT, for Mrs. Grant."

As a remedy for accidents common to every day life, such as cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, frostbites, and bites of poisonous insects, Salvation Oil has no equal in the market. It literally annihilates pain. Price twenty five cents a bottle.

I have been a sufferer from catarrh for over ten years; had it very bad; could hardly breathe. Some nights I could not sleep; had to walk the street freely; it was working a cure slowly. I have advised several friends to use it, and with happy results in every case. It is the one medicine above all others made to cure catarrh, and it is worth its weight in gold. I thank God I have found a remedy I can use with safety and that does all that is claimed for it. It is curing my deafness.—[B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.]

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough, Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Bro.

5 BELLS RED OIL just received by J. C. MILBURN.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

## Entombed Miners.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Mar. 15.—There is now very little hope of rescuing alive, the six entombed miners at the Black Diamond colliery. The scene of the accident is in the slope one thousand feet below the surface. Hopes were entertained of reaching two of them to-day, but a fall of coal bringing down with it thousands of tons occurred at 3 o'clock this morning. It is believed that the men were then killed or will be killed by the coal which is constantly falling and crushing down the chamber, or suffocated for lack of air. It is estimated that it will take several days to drive a passage way to the men and their exact fate cannot be determined at the present writing.

## Desperate Fight.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 15.—Will E. Scott and a boy named George had a row with a negro named Isaac Woods and two colored women yesterday near Greenville, Miss. The negroes were armed with knives and razors and Scott had a shot gun. He shot Woods in the leg, but the latter closed with him and cut his throat from ear to ear. Scott died in a few minutes. The boy George was also frightfully cut but will live. Woods and the women are in jail.

## Died From Her Injuries.

NEW ORLEANS, Mar. 15.—Mrs. Henry Glade, who was shot through the breast last Monday by Robert Edowd, one of a party of hoodlums who were raising a general disturbance in the neighborhood of her residence, died last evening at the hospital. She leaves a husband and two small children. The murderer and his companions are in the parish prison.

## Railroad Accident.

STANFORD, Ky., Mar. 15.—A trestle on the Cincinnati and Green River Railroad gave way yesterday under a freight train and the engine and two freight cars fell thirty feet and were wrecked. The engineer saved his life by jumping, but the colored fireman remained at his post and received fatal injuries. A man named Hughes, stealing a ride, was fatally injured.

## Cut his Wife's Throat.

ATLANTA, Ga., Mar. 15.—C. E. Hamilton, a railroad man, cut the throat of his wife, in the Kimball House, this morning. He has proof of his wife's infidelity, and followed her here to get their child. She refused to give up the child and he cut her throat with a razor. There is a bare possibility that she may recover, but it is not at all likely.

## Fire.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—Fire in the McCarty Packing and Provision Company's establishment in East St. Louis at 2 o'clock this morning completely destroyed the building. A two-story wooden hotel adjoining was also burned. The loss is estimated at \$40,000; only partially covered by insurance.

## Three Negroes Hanged.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Mar. 16.—Willie Green, Anderson Mitchell and Daniel Jones, all colored, were hanged at Arkadelphia, Ark., to-day for the murder of a negro preacher named Arthur Horton, May 11, 1888.

## Warrant for Extradition.

OTTAWA, Ont., Mar. 15.—The Department of Justice has issued a warrant for the extradition of Aldridge, who is wanted by the Ohio authorities and who is now in custody at Windsor.

## Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 15.—Upon the recommendation of a council of administrators, David Bourke has been appointed Post Trader at Marine Barracks, Norfolk, Virginia.

## Senator Chase's Resignation.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 15.—Senator Chase, of Rhode Island, declines to either affirm or deny the report that he intends to resign.

A TURBULENT SCENE.—The French Senate yesterday by a vote of 213 to 58, sanctioned the prosecution of M. Naquet, for his connection with the Patriotic League. In the Chamber of Deputies, charges against M. Laguerre, M. Laisant and M. Turquet were read, when M. Laguerre denied that the Patriotic League was a secret society. Persecution and violence, he said, would only hasten the hour when the country, disgusted and indignant, would expel the Chamber. M. Aroux maintained that the Patriotic League is a secret society. Referring to the fact that General Boulanger recently dined with the Duchesse Duzes, he expressed surprise that men calling themselves republicans should form a part of the Pretorian Guard of the Faubourg St. Germain. General Boulanger rose, and, crossing his arms, defiantly regarded the majority. An uproar ensued, during which Paul de Cassagnac fled the Chamber to prosecute General Boulanger. The Chamber then by a vote of 334 to 237, authorized the government to prosecute the accused deputies.

As a result of the debate several duels are imminent.

CHLORITE will keep your hands and face smooth and cure chaps. For sale by J. D. H. LUNT.

PODDER YARN at reduced prices, to close out the present season, at 329 King street, corner of Royal. [oct23] J. T. CREIGHTON & SON.

FAMILY ROE HERRING in kits, just the size for family trade. [oct26] GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

CHOICE ROASTED COFFEES, roasted, at C store, for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

WARRANTED ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, 10-4 and 11-4, at \$4 and \$4.50 at J. C. MILBURN.

ROASTED and GREEN COFFEES for sale at lowest prices by J. C. MILBURN.

Genuine LONDON DOCK OLD MADEIRA WINE for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

21 MATS VERY FINE OLD GOVT. JAVA COFFEE just received by J. C. MILBURN.

DON'T FORGET that the cheapest and best UNDERWEAR can be had at J. C. MILBURN.

DUFFY'S MALT WHISKY \$1 per bottle at J. C. MILBURN'S.

## Telegraphic Briefs.

Chas. H. Phelps, who robbed the New York bank at Watertown, N. Y., last Saturday has been adjudged insane.

One of the Anacosta Mining Company's smelters at Anacosta, Mont., burned yesterday causing a loss of \$1,000,000.

H. B. Butler, agent of the Chattahoochee railroad at Ashland, Ky., has disappeared, with \$3,000. He lost heavily on the last election.

Jas. S. Clarkson received his commission at 12 o'clock to-day and immediately took the prescribed oath and entered upon his duties as First Assistant Postmaster General.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The South Birmingham Coal and Coke Company was organized yesterday at Birmingham, Ala., with a capital of \$1,000,000.

The oyster season at Norfolk is heavy over and the packers are preparing to close. The season has been a poor one all around.